#### **thermo**scientific



Figure 1. Thermo Scientific FlashSmart Elemental Analyzer.

# Thermo Scientific FlashSmart Elemental Analyzer: Official Methods

The all-in-one Thermo Scientific™ FlashSmart™ Elemental Analyzer (Figure 1) permits the quantitative determination of carbon, nitrogen, hydrogen and sulfur by combustion, and the quantitative oxygen determination by pyrolysis in all application fields. The system copes with all requirements of modern laboratories such as accuracy, reproducibility and low cost per analysis.

The extensive modularity of the FlashSmart EA provides over 20 configurations in one Analyzer and allows you to determine from 1 to 5 elements, in a wide range of concentrations in all type of matrix (solid, viscous, liquid, volatile, gas, organic and inorganic) under the full control of the Thermo Scientific™ EagerSmart™ Data Handling Software.

The Analyzer can be used for the differentiation between the Total Carbon and Total Organic Carbon determination after an acid pre-treatment of the sample. The flexibility of the FlashSmart allows you to analyze trace sulfur concentrations when it is coupled with the flame photometric detector (FPD). This method combines the advantages of the elemental analyzer with the sensitivity, selectivity and robustness of the FPD.

The FlashSmart Analyzer fulfills the requirements of several Official Methods, illustrating the performance and versatility of the instrument. The following tables show the most requested Official Methods in the following application fields:

- Petrochemistry
- Environment
- Food, Animal Feed and Beverages
- Agronomy and Marine Science



# Petrochemistry

Application	Official Association	Official Method
	ASTM (American Society for Testing Materials)	Method D 5291 – 09 Standard Test Methods for Instrumental Determination of Carbon, Hydrogen and Nitrogen in Petroleum Products and Lubricant
	ASTM (American Society for Testing Materials)	Method D 5373 – 02 Standard Test Methods for Instrumental Determination of Carbon, Hydrogen and Nitrogen in Laboratory Samples of Coal and Coke
	ASTM (American Society for Testing Materials)	Method D 5622 Standard Test Methods for the Determination of Total Oxygen in Gasoline and Methanol Fuels by Reductive Pyrolisis
	ASTM (American Society for Testing Materials)	Method D 7633 – 13 Standard Test Method for Carbon Black – Carbon Content
	ASTM (American Society for Testing Materials)	Method D 4239 - 02 Standard Test Methods for Sulfur in the Analysis Sample of Coal and Coke using High-Temperature Tube Furnace Combustion Methods
	ISO/TS 12902, 2001	Solid Mineral Fuels – Determination of Total Carbon, Hydrogen and Nitrogen – Instrumental Methods
	EN 15104, 2011	Solid Biofuels – Determination of Total Content of Carbon, Hydrogen and Nitrogen – Instrumental Methods
	CEN / TC 343	Solid Recovered Fuels – Methods for the Determination of Carbon, Hydrogen and Nitrogen Content
706	MSZ (Hungarian Standards Institution)	Method 24050 Solid Mineral Fuels. Instrumental Analytical Determination of Carbon, Hydrogen and Nitrogen Content for Coal, Coke, Petroleum Coke

### Environment

Application	Official Association	Official Method
	EN 13137, 2001	Characterization of Waste – Determination of Total Organic Carbon (TOC) in Waste, Sludges and Sediments

## Food, Animal Feed and Beverages

Application	Official Association	Official Method
	AACC (American Association of Cereal Chemists)	Crude Protein in Cereal, 46-30, 1999
	AOAC (Association of Official Analytical Chemists)	Official Method 990.03. Protein (crude) in Animal Feed 4.2.08
	AOAC (Association of Official Analytical Chemists)	Official Method 992.15. Crude Protein in Meat and Meat Products including Pet Foods 39.1.16
	AOAC (Association of Official Analytical Chemists)	Official Method 992.23. Crude Protein in Cereals, Grain and Oilseeds 32.2.02
	AOCS (American Oil Chemists Society)	Official Method Ba 4e-93 (revised 1995). Combustion Method for Determination of Crude Protein
	ASBC (American Society of Brewing Chemists)	Official Method 1996. Nitrogen Determination in Barley
	ASBC (American Society of Brewing Chemists)	Total Nitrogen in Wort and Beer by Combustion Method. Report of Subcommittee, 1994
	Office International de la Vigne et du Vin	Resolution OENO 13/2002 Quantification of Total Nitrogen by Dumas Method (Must and Wines) Quantification de l'Azote Total Selon la Methode de Dumas (Mouts et Vins)
	IFFO (International Fishmeal and Fish Oil Organization Ltd.)	Nitrogen Determination in Fish Meal by Combustion Method
	ISO 14891 (International Organization for Standardization) FIL 185 (International Dairy Federation)	Nitrogen Determination in Dairy Products by Combustion Method
	DIN, EN, ISO 16634-1, 2008 (International Organization for Standardization)	Food Products – Determination of the Total Nitrogen Content by Combustion According to the Dumas Principle and Calculation of the Crude Protein Content. Part 1: Oil Seeds and Animal Feeding Stuffs
	DIN, EN, ISO 16634 – 2 (International Organization for Standardization	Food Products – Determination of the Total Nitrogen Content by Combustion According to the Dumas Principle and Calculation of the Crude Protein Content. Part 2: Cereals, Pulses and Milled Cereal Products

#### **thermo**scientific

#### Agronomy and Marine Science

Application	Official Association	Official Method
	Official Italian Method on Soils Analytical Chemistry (Gazzetta Ufficiale)	Method 248, 1999. Nitrogen, Carbon and Organic Carbon in Soils
	AOAC (Association of Official Analytical Chemists)	Official Method 993.13. Nitrogen (Total) in Fertilizers 2.4.02
	ISO 10694, 1995 UNE 77321:2003	Soil Quality – Determination of Organic and Total Carbon After Dry Combustion (elementary analysis)
	ISO 13878, 1998 UNE 77325:2003	Soil Quality – Determination of Total Nitrogen Content by Dry Combustion (elemental analysis)
	UNE 77325:2003	Soil Quality – Determination of Total Sulfur by Dry Combustion
	UNI EN 13654-2	Soil Improvers and Growing Media. Determination of Nitrogen by Combustion Method
	Official Italian Method on Soils Analytical Chemistry (Gazzetta Ufficiale)	Method 146, 1998 Nuove Norme per la Disciplina Dei Fertilizzanti (New regulations for fertilizer's control)
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)	Method 440.0, 1997 Determination of Carbon and Nitrogen in Sediments and Particulates of Estuarine/Coastal Waters using Elemental Analysis

#### Find out more at thermofisher.com/OEA

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures. © 2016 Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc. All rights reserved. ASTM and American Society for Testing and Materials are trade marks of American Society for Testing and Materials. ISO is a trademark of the International Organization for Standardization. MSZ is a trademark of Magyar Szabványügyi Testület. AACC is used in trade by The American Association of Cereal Chemists. AOAC is a trademark of The Association of Official Analytical Chemists, AOAC International. AOCS is a trademark of the American Oil Chemists' Society. ASBC is used in trade by The American Society of Brewing Chemists. Office International de la Vigne et du Vin is a trademark of Office International de la Vigne et du Vin. IFFO is used in trade by The International Fishmeal and Fish Oil Organization. FlL and International Dairy Federationare are used in trade by the International Dairy Federation. Gazzetta Ufficiale is used in trade by the Gazzetta Ufficiale Della Republica Italiana. UNE is used in trade by the Asociación Española de Normalización y Certificación. UNI is used in trade by the Ente Nazionale Italiano di Unificazione. EPA is used in trade by the Environmental Protection Agency. The long and/or abridged names of all organisations may be considered or used as trademarks by their respective proprietors. All other trademarks are the property of Thermo Fisher Scientific and its subsidiaries unless otherwise specified. **FL42237-EN 1016** 

