

iXon Ultra

The World's Highest Performance Back-illuminated EMCCDs

.

ANDOR



iXon Ultra

iXon Ultra 888

- Largest Field of View EMCCD
- 1024 x 1024
- 13 µm pixel size
- Single Photon Sensitive
- > 95% QE
- 26 fps full frame
- 93 fps @ 512 x 512
- TE Cooling to -95°C

iXon Ultra 897

- 512 x 512
- 16 µm pixel size
- Single Photon Sensitive
- > 95% QE
- 56 fps full frame
- TE Cooling to -100°C



iXon Ultra

iXon Ultra 888: Field of View & Sensitivity... Now 3x Faster!

The highly innovative **iXon Ultra 888** megapixel, back-illuminated EMCCD camera offers single photon sensitivity across a large field of view, at 26 fps. Building on a rich history of first to market innovation, the 'supercharged' iXon Ultra 888, represents a massive performance boost for the largest available EMCCD sensor, as well as the first USB 3.0 enabled EMCCD camera.

The iXon Ultra 888 has been fundamentally re-engineered to facilitate a **3x acceleration** of the pixel readout speed to an unprecedented 30 MHz, whilst maintaining quantitative stability, propelling the full frame performance to **video rate**. Furthermore, Andor's unique **'Crop Mode'** can be employed to further boost frame rates from a user defined sub-region, for example pushing a 512 x 512 sub-array to 93 fps and a 128 x 128 area to **697 fps**.

With a **1024 x 1024 sensor format and 13 \mum pixel size**, the resolving power, field of view and unparalleled speed of the iXon Ultra 888 render it the most attractive and versatile EMCCD option for demanding applications such as single molecule detection, super-resolution microscopy, live cell imaging and high time resolution astronomy.

The iXon Ultra is designed to be the most **flexible** yet **easy to use** EMCCD on the market, optimizable for a wide variety of application requirements in a single click via the OptAcquire[™] feature. Furthermore, signal can be quantitatively calibrated in units of **electrons** or **photons**, either in real time or postprocessing. Patented, pioneering technology offers **automated recalibration** of EM gain, alongside anti-ageing protection.

Crucially, the iXon brand carries an outstanding reputation within the industry for **quality** and **reliability**, brandishing an unparalleled track record of minimal field failures.

NEW SRRF-Stream Real Time Super-Resolution

Available for both 888 and 897 models, **SRRF-Stream** camera technology converts most modern conventional microscopes into a real time super-resolution microscope, for imaging live and fixed cells with low excitation intensities and without the need for specialised photoswitchable fluorophores (e.g. works with GFP).

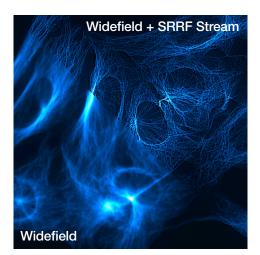
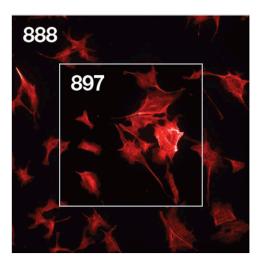


Image comparison of a fluorescently labelled fixed BPAE cell, recorded with a widefield fluorescence microscope and a SRRF-Stream enabled iXon 888 camera.

Key Specifications

Active pixels (H x V)	1024 x 1024
Pixel size (W x H; μm)	13 x 13
Image area (mm)	13.3 x 13.3
Active Area Pixel Well Depth (e ⁻)	80,000
Max Readout Rate (MHz)	30
Frame rates (fps)	26 (full frame) - 9690
Read noise (e ⁻)	<1 with EM gain
QE Max	>95%



Field of View Comparison between iXon Ultra models. The 888 model has a x2.6 greater sensitive area than the 897 model.



iXon Ultra 897: The market leading back-illuminated EMCCD, now accelerated to 56 fps.

The **iXon Ultra 897** platform takes the popular back-illuminated 512 x 512 frame transfer sensor and overclocks readout to 17 MHz, pushing speed performance to an outstanding 56 fps (full frame), whilst maintaining single photon sensitivity and quantitative stability throughout. New Optically Centred Crop Mode unlocks unparalleled frame rate performance from centrally located ROIs, ideal for the particular speed and sensitivity requirements of super-resolution microscopy.

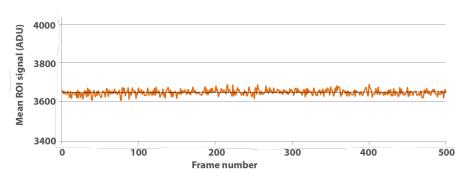
The iXon Ultra maintains all the advanced performance attributes that have defined the industry-leading iXon range, such as deep vacuum cooling to -100°C, extremely low spurious noise, and Andor's patented EM gain recalibration technology (EMCA[™]). Count Convert functionality allows real time data acquisition in units of electrons or incident photons and OptAcquire facilitates one-click optimization of this versatile camera to a variety of application conditions.

Additional features of the iXon Ultra include plug and play USB connectivity, a lower noise conventional CCD mode and an additional Camera Link output, offering the unique ability to directly access data for 'on the fly' processing, ideally suited to data intensive applications such as adaptive optics or super-resolution microscopy.



Key Specifications

Active pixels (H x V)	512 x 512
Pixel size (W x H; µm)	16 x 16
Image area (mm)	8.2 x 8.2
Active Area Pixel Well Depth (e-)	180,000
Max Readout Rate (MHz)	17
Frame rates (fps)	56 (full frame) - 11,074
Read noise (e ⁻)	<1 with EM gain
QE Max	>95%



EM Gain stability in the iXon Ultra 897 @ 55 fps. 500 frame kinetic series; frame transfer (overlapped) acquisition; 17.8 ms exposure time; x300 EM gain.

Stability Plot



Features & Benefits

Features & Benefits of the iXon Ultra series

Single Photon Sensitive & > 95% QE	Optimal SNR in light starved applications such as single molecule detection and quantum physics.
NEW 'SRRF-Stream' (optional)	Real time, cell super-resolution functionality. Living and fixed cells, works on most modern fluorescence microscopes. Super-resolution down to 50nm.
Overclocked readout speeds	Follow dynamic changing processes.
Crop Mode	Continuous imaging with fastest possible frame rate from centrally positioned ROIs. Highly enabling for live cell super-resolution and much more (e.g. 251 fps with 256 x 256 ROI).
TE cooling to -100°C	Elimination of dark current detection limit.
Superior Baseline Clamp and EM Stability	Essential for quantitative accuracy of dynamic measurements.
RealGain™	Absolute EMCCD gain selectable directly from a linear and quantitative scale.
Lower Noise CCD Mode	'2 in 1' flexibility. EMCCD for ultra-sensitivity at speed, conventional CCD for longer acquisitions.
EX2 Technology	Extended QE response, beyond standard back-illuminated.
Fringe Suppression	Reduced etaloning in NIR.
OptAcquire	Optimize the highly flexible iXon for different application requirements at the click of a button.
Count Convert	Quantitatively capture and view data in electrons or incident photons. Applied either in real time or post-processing, Count Convert does this important conversion for you.
EMCAL™	Patented user-initiated self-recalibration of EM gain.
iCam	Exposure time fast switching provides market leading acquisition efficiency.
Minimal Clock-Induced Charge	Unique pixel clocking parameters, yielding minimized spurious noise floor.
UltraVac™	Critical for sustained vacuum integrity and to maintain unequalled cooling and QE performance, year after year. Seven year vacuum warranty.
Spurious Noise Filter	Intelligent algorithms to filter clock induced charge events from the background. Real-time or post-processing.
Direct Data Access (Ultra only)	Camera Link output port to facilitate direct access to data for 'on the fly' processing.
Enhanced photon counting modes	Intuitive single photon counting modes to overcome multiplicative noise. Real time or post-processing.
FPGA Timestamp	Hardware generated timestamp with 10 ns accuracy.
ASTRO.control compatibility (Ultra only)	Redlogix ASTRO.control is a dedicated platform for control of astronomical telescopes and instrumentation <u>http://www.andor.com/astrocontrol.aspx</u>



Application Focus

The Physicist's Choice

The unique high-performance specifications of the optimized iXon range have been serving the physical scientist and astronomer in scenarios that demand more than simply an EM sensor in a camera. Andor have worked with numerous scientists to deliver solutions that work for their particular application requirements, such as specific coatings, coupling to fibre optic scintillators and 'minimized latency' direct data access solutions.

Application Examples

Quantum Science

The iXon Ultra EMCCD platform is a well established platform for single photon detection. With deep cooling down to -950C and minimized Clock Induced Charge (CIC) noise, the Ultra provides the single photon counting discrimination required for successful detection in these demanding experiments.

The iXon Ultra has for many years been the detector of choice in cold atom/ ion trap experiments. With EMCCD and CCD amplifiers, the camera can be readily adapted to both fluorescence and absorption BEC set-ups. Further more, the Ultra can be optimized for enhanced NIR detection and/or fringe suppression, along with a custom AR-coated entrance window.

Fast Astronomy

Extremely fast and ultra-sensitive performance of binned sub-regions make the iXon Ultra an ideal Shack Hartmann AO detector. The large FOV of the Ultra 888 and fast frame rate are ideal for Lucky / Speckle Imaging.

Tomography

Lens coupled or customer fibre coupled, the iXon Ultra provides the superlative ultrasensitive, large array solution for fast tomography

Fast Spectroscopy

The iXon Ultra has been a very valuable detector for fast spectroscopy applications, such for rapid spectroscopic mapping or fast monitoring of fast chemical reactions. When operated in full vertical binning the cameras can be pushed to thousands of spectra per second, accessing sub-ms dynamics. The iXon Ultra camera models are fully compatible with Andor's Shamrock range of high-end spectrographs.

iXon Ultra 888 - Capture everything, large or small, fast or slow...

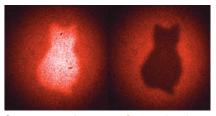
Extreme Sensitivity – capture, resolve and quantify extremely weak structures.

Capture More – the 13.3 x 13.3 mm sensor of the Ultra 888 is well suited to the optically useful FOV from a microscope.

3x Faster – more and more studies of cell processes require greater temporal resolution. The Ultra 888 offers the fastest available EMCCD readout capability.

Superb Image Quality – megapixel resolution and uniform backgrounds for publication quality imaging.

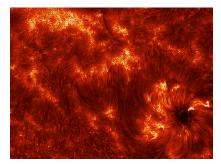
2 in 1 - the Ultra 888 can operate as an EMCCD or a low noise CCD, rendering it optimal for both fast and slow capture.



Quantum entanglement, see <u>Quantum imaging</u> <u>finally saves Schrödinger's cat</u>. Courtesy of Anton Zeilinger, Institute for Quantum Optics and Quantum Information, University of Vienna.



The iXon Ultra 888 serves as the Focal Plane Imager of the SOFIA telescope. *Courtesy of Pasquale Terni & E.E. Becklin, NASA.*



Magnetic fibrils that weave through the solar chromosphere. *Courtesy of Kevin Reardon, National Solar Observatory*.



Application Focus

The Biologist's Choice

In applications such as single molecule microscopy, super-resolution, live cell microscopy (including confocal), calcium signaling, transport/motile imaging and intracellular bioluminescence, weak, rapidly changing fluorescent signals from cells must be dynamically imaged. Andor's iXon technology offers an ideal detection solution. Ultrasensitive detection capability in fluorescence microscopy facilitates use of lower excitation powers (thereby reducing photobleaching and phototoxicity) and lower dye concentrations.

Application Examples

Single Molecule Detection

Andor's iXon EMCCD has long been the gold standard detector of the biophysics laboratory, and remains the dominant detector type, operating in a low light regime that is less suited to sCMOS cameras. The 3x accelerated 30 MHz readout speed of the iXon Ultra 888, especially combined with 'Optically Centred Crop Mode', means that dynamic single molecule processes can be better characterised. The 13 µm pixel provides superb resolving capability at the diffraction limit.

SRRF-Stream

The iXon has proven extremely popular for single molecule based 'pointillist' super-resolution microscopy approaches (e.g. STORM, PALM). **SRRF-Stream** is a **NEW real time super-resolution** 'nanoscopy' functionality that operates on Andor's iXon EMCCD cameras. 'SRRF-Stream unlocks the means to perform real time super resolution microscopy on **conventional modern fluorescence microscopes**. Resolution improvement from **2- to 6-fold (50-150nm final resolution)** can be expected for most datasets.

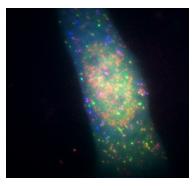
Spinning disk confocal

The iXon Ultra 888 is the ultimate detector to drive stunning performance from confocal spinning disk technology. Whilst affording superb confocality and low rates of phototoxicity, spinning disk experiments are inherently photon starved, by virtue of the photon rejection implicit to optical sectioning.

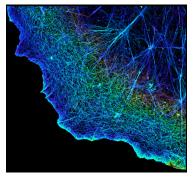
The superior sensitivity of the iXon Ultra detector brings these low light images to life.

Luminescence

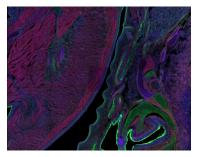
The Ultra can be used in either single photon counting mode (EM amplifier) or in slow scan, deep cooled CCD mode (CCD amplifier) as a highly sensitive and flexible detector in this typically long exposure, extreme low light application.



Single molecule imaging mRNA (red), during translation, and proteins, FLAG-KDM5B (green) and HA-KDM5B (blue). *Courtesy of Timothy J. Stasevich, IGAF, Colorado State University.*



3D STORM image of actin cytoskeleton (AF647phalloidin) in COS-7 cell. Colour codes for z-depth. *Image courtesy of Xiaowei Zhuang, Harvard University.*



Spinning disk confocal image (right) of a mouse embryo section with F-actin (AF568-phalloidin), membrane glycoproteins (AF488-WGA), and DNA (DAPI) labelling.



EMCCD or sCMOS?

Since the introduction of sCMOS technology by Andor, the question of the performance comparison against the more established Electron Multiplying CCD (EMCCD) has been a common one.

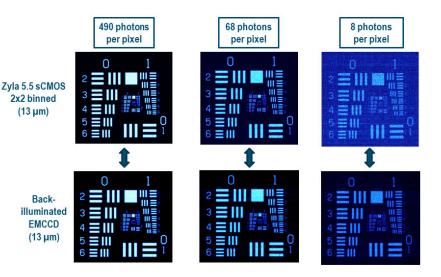
Being a very fast, low noise technology, sCMOS does hold some potential to offer an alternative technology across some applications and techniques, including to an extent, TIRF microscopy. Whilst the read noise of sCMOS is very low compared to CCDs, EMCCD technology holds the distinct advantage of being able to practically eliminate read noise, rendering them single photon sensitive.

"...EMCCDs offer a raw sensitivity that cannot be surpassed in the very low light regime".

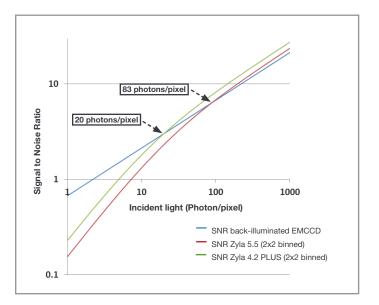
After a few years of sCMOS being tested in the market, we are concluding that the primary light staved applications for which EMCCDs were originally purchased, such as single molecule detection and low light spinning disk confocal microscopy, are continuing to strongly benefit from this ultrasensitive technology. EMCCDs offer a raw sensitivity that cannot be surpassed in the very low light regime.

Input Parameters

- Average QE of each sensor between 500 – 750 nm
- rms read noise values
 Fast sCMOS readout (minimum distortion and maximum forme rate
- distortion and maximum frame rate)
 sCMOS 2x2 binned to yield equal pixel size to EMCCD



Images at a range of incident light intensity, acquired using backilluminated EMCCD iXon 888 and Zyla 5.5 sCMOS cameras (2x2 binned pixels). At low light intensities, the Signal to Noise Ratio advantage of the EMCCD is apparent (in this example the 8 photons per pixel images).



Plot of Signal to Noise Ratio versus Incident Photon Intensity, comparing a back-illuminated EMCCD iXon 888 (13 µm pixel size) to 2x2 binned Zyla sCMOS cameras (13 µm pixel size after binning)



Technical Specifications

System Specifications *2

	Ultra	888	Ultra	897	
Sensor QE options	UVB: Ba	ack Illuminated, standard A #EX: Back illuminat	AR coated with fringe suppr R with additional lumogen	coating	
Fringe Suppression		Available on EX2 and	d BV sensor options		
Active pixels	1024 >	x 1024	512 x	512	
Pixel size	13 x 1	I3 μm	16 x 16 µm		
Image area	13.3 x 13.3 mm w	ith 100% fill factor	8.2 x 8.2 mm with 100% fill factor		
Pixel Readout Rate	10 MHz	30 MHz ^{•3}	10 MHz	17 MHz	
Minimum temperature, air cooled, ambient 20°C Chiller liquid cooling, coolant @ 10°C, >0.75I/min	-80°C -95°C	-60°C -75°C	-80°C -100°C	-80°C -100°C	
Thermostatic Precision		± 0.0	01°C		
Triggering	Internal	, External, External Start, E	xternal Exposure, Software	Trigger	
System window type			and Visible-Near Infrared, (/acuum Ultraviolet-Near Inf		
Blemish specification			blemishes as defined by An n-uniformities-black-pixels-and-		
Digitization		16-bit (at a	all speeds)		
PC Interface	USB	3.0 ^{*12}	USB	2.0	
Lens Mount		C-m	ount		
Direct Data Access		Camera Link	3-tap output		

Advanced Performance Specifications *2

	UItra 888 0.0025 0.0011 0.0011 0.005 S0,00 e* S1,00 e* S1,00 e* Conventional Amplifier: 30, 20, 10 & 1 MHz Conventional Amplifier Conventional Amplifier Conventional Amplifier S0 10 1 1 0.1 30 20 10 10 11 1 0.1 12 6 3.5 12 6 3.5 < 1		Ultra 897										
Dark current and background events ^{4,5}													
Dark current (e /pixel/sec) @ -80°C Dark current (e /pixel/sec) @ max cooling									0.00 0.00				
Spurious background (events/pix) @ 1000x gain / -85°C			0.0	005					0.0	018			
Active area pixel well depth			80,0	00 e [_]					180,0	000 e-			
Gain register pixel well depth ^{*7} 6			730,0	000 e⁻				800,000 e ⁻					
Pixel readout rates				EM Amplifier: 17, 10, 5 Conventional Amplifier: 3,									
Read noise (e) ^{•7}				EMCCD Amplifier			Conventional Amplifier						
MHz	30	20	10	1	1	0.1	17	10	5	1	3	1	0.08
Without Electron Multiplication	130	80	40	12	6	3.5	89	65	37	15	9.6	5.3	2.7
With Electron Multiplication	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	-	-	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	-	-	-
Linear absolute Electron Multiplier gain			1 - 1000	times via	a RealGa	ain™ (ca	libration stable	at all c	ooling t	empera	itures)		
Linearity ^{*8}						Bette	er than 99.9%						
Vertical clock speed		0.6	to 4.33	µs (user	selectab	ole)		0.3 t	o 3.33	µs (usei	select	able)	
Timestamp accuracy							10 ns						
NEW SRRF-Stream mode							Optional						



iXon Ultra 888 Frame Rates

Standard Mode "3,"

Binning	1024 x 1024	512 x 512	256 x 256	128 x 128	1024 x 100	1024 x 32	1024 x 1
1 x 1	26	50	95	171	220	498	1163
2 x 2	50	94	170	285	368	699	-
4 x 4	92	167	281	426	552	870	-

Crop Mode - Optically Centred frame rates in brackets ***

Binning	512 x 512	256 x 256	128 x 128	64 x 64	1024 x 100	1024 x 32	1024 x 1
1 x 1	93 (78)	190 (251)	670 (697)	2053 (1319)	259	778	9690
2 x 2	170 (143)	350 (426)	1150 (1019)	3123 (1646)	492	1416	-
4 x 4	291 (245)	601 (653)	1772 (1504)	4109 (1857)	887	2370	-

iXon Ultra 897 Frame Rates

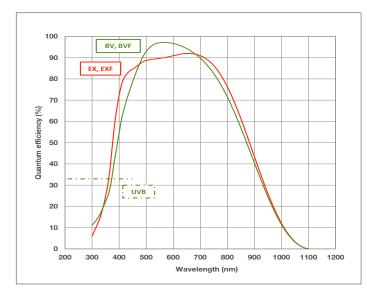
Standard Mode ^{•10}

Binning	512 x 512	256 x 256	128 x 128	64 x 64	512 x 100	512 x 32	512 x 1
1 x 1	56	110	212	397	277	704	2,857
2 x 2	109	210	394	699	503	1,136	-
4 x 4	206	385	680	1,099	840	1,613	-

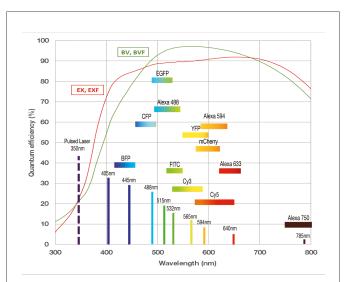
Crop Mode - Optically Centred frame rates in brackets *10

Binning	256 x 256	128 x 128	64 x 64	32 x 32	512 x 100	512 x 32	512 x 1
1 x 1	111 (174)	595 (569)	1,433 (1,492)	3,532 (3,024)	296	857	11,074
2 x 2	215 (329)	1,085 (1,014)	2,433 (2,329)	5,325 (4,054)	570	1,589	-
4 x 4	402 (594)	1,802 (1,662)	3,577 (3,237)	6,579 (5,252)	1,050	2,682	-

Quantum Efficiency (QE) Curve ***



QE vs. Fluorophore Emissions





Creating The Optimum Product for You

Step 1.	Choose the camera type							
To	Description	Code						
	iXon Ultra 888: 1024 x 1024 EMCCD, max. 30 MHz, with USB 3.0	DU-888U3-CS0-						
Camera	iXon Ultra 897: 512 x 512 EMCCD, max. 17 MHz, with USB 2.0	DU-897U-CS0-						
Type	Add sensor type code to camera code (see step 2)							
	NOTE: If SRRF-Stream real time super-resolution functionality is required with your iXon Ultra, please order as an 'accessory' in step 4 below.							
Step 2.	Choose the sensor type option							
	Description Code Description	tion Code						
EMCCD	Back-illuminated, standard AR coated #BV Back-illuminated, EX2	dual AR coated #EX						
Sensor	Back-illuminated, standard AR coated with fringe suppression BVF Back-illuminated, EX2 dual AR coated with fringe suppression	ated with fringe suppression EXF						
Туре	Back Illuminated, standard AR with additional lumogen coating UVB Add sensor type code to	camera code (step 1)						
Step 3.	Select an alternative camera window (optional)							
	The standard window has been selected to satisfy most applications. However, other options are availab code must be specified at time of ordering.	le. The alternative camera windo						
	To view and select other window options please refer to the 'Camera Windows Supplementary Specifica	tion Sheet' which gives the						
Camera Window	transmission characteristics, product codes and procedure for entering the order. Further detailed information the Technical note – ' <u>Camera Windows: Optimizing for Different Spectral Regions</u> '.	ation on the windows can be fou						
Vindow								
Step 4.	Select the required accessories							
	Description	Order Code						
	SRRF-Stream real time super-resolution functionality, compatible with iXon Ultra and iXon Life EMCCD platforms. Camera must be connected to acquisition PC workstation containing an NVidia GPU card (compute capability v3.0, or above, and 4GB or greater on-board GPU RAM).	SRRF-STREAM-CAM						
	SRRF-Stream Dell Workstation (English), pre-installed with a recommended and tested GPU card, alongside SRRF-Stream enabled MicroManager and Andor SDK2 with SRRF-Stream.	WKST-SRRF-9ZY						
	Monitor (optional) - Dell UltraSharp U3417W - 34.14" Curved LED	FUS-MNTR-34W						
	Dell UltraSharp UP3017 - 30" with PremierColor	FUS-MNTR-30						
	OptoMask accessory, used to mask unwanted sensor area during Crop Mode acquisition (refer to OptoMask Specification Sheet for further information).	OPTMSK-L/OPTMSK-OC-L OPTMSK-OC-S						
0 0-	Re-circulator for enhanced cooling performance	XW-RECR						
ccessories	Oasis 160 Ultra compact chiller unit	ACC-XW-CHIL-160						
	C-mount to Nikon F-mount adapter	OA-CNAF						
	C-mount to Olympus adapter	OA-COFM						
	C-mount to T-mount adapter	OA-CTOT						
	15 m Active USB 3.0 connector cable (power supply not required) Icron for Ultra 888	ACC-ASE-06887						
	50 m Fibre Optic USB 3.0 extender solution inc. power supply (Adnaco) for Ultra 888	ACC-ASE-08762						
	50 m Fibre Optic USB 3.0 extender solution inc. power supply (Adnaco) for Ultra 888 100 m Fibre Optic USB 3.0 extender solution inc. power supply (Adnaco) for Ultra 888	ACC-ASE-08762 ACC-ASE-07860						
Step 5	100 m Fibre Optic USB 3.0 extender solution inc. power supply (Adnaco) for Ultra 888							
Step 5.	100 m Fibre Optic USB 3.0 extender solution inc. power supply (Adnaco) for Ultra 888 Select the required software							
Step 5.	100 m Fibre Optic USB 3.0 extender solution inc. power supply (Adnaco) for Ultra 888	ACC-ASE-07860						



Software

Third party software compatibility

Drivers are available so that the iXon range can be operated through a large variety of third party imaging packages. See Andor web site for detail: andor.com/software

bit libraries for Windows (7, 8, 8.1 and 10), compatible with C/C++, C#, Delphi, VB.NET, LabVIEW and Matlab. Linux SDK compatible with C/C++. **Andor iQ** A comprehensive multi-dimensional imaging software package. Offers tight synchronization of EMCCD with a comprehensive range of microscopy hardware, along with comprehensive rendering and analysis functionality. Modular architecture for best price/performance package on

For SRRF-Stream

the market.

The iXon must be operated either through MicroManager (Open Imaging) open source microscopy software platform, or through the Andor SDK, if SRRF-Stream functionality is to be accessed.

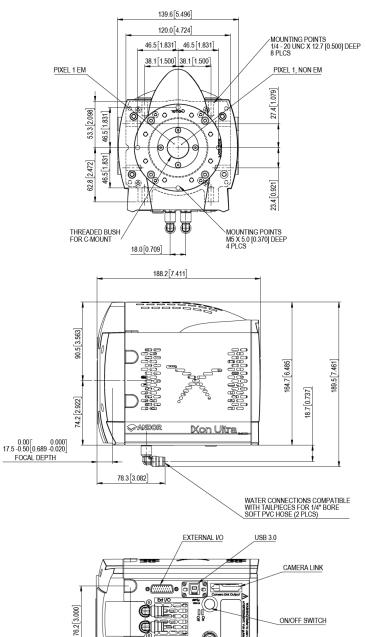
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Product Drawings

Dimensions in mm [inches]





CIE

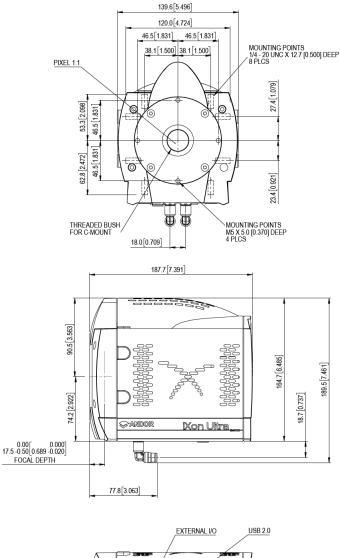
39.8[1.567]

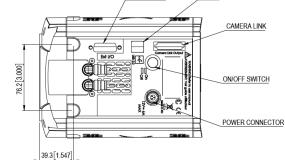
Ultra 888 Power Requirements

• Power Input: +12 VDC ± 5% @ 8 A

• Power Consumption: 96 W max

N. CO





Ultra 897 Power Requirements

iXon Ultra 897

- Power Input: +12 VDC ± 5% @ 6 A
- Power Consumption: 72 W max
- Ripple and noise: 120 mV max (peak-peak 0 20 MHz)
- External Power Supply: 100 240 VAC 50/60 Hz

• Ripple and noise: 120 mV max (peak-peak 0 - 20 MHz) • External Power Supply: 100 - 240 VAC 50/60 Hz

Logic: Connector type: 26 way D Type with 8 programmable digital inputs or outputs for control and sensing of up to 8 external devices, Minimum cable clearance required: 90 mm, Weight: 3.7 kg [8 lb 3 oz] approx.

ON/OFF SWITCH

POWER CONNECTOR







Items shipped with your iXon Ultra 888:

1x Andor ACZ-03463: 2m Multi I/O timing

1x 3m USB 3.0 cable Type A to Type B

PCIe USB 3.0 Card Adapter (2-Port)^{*12}

1x CD containing Andor user manuals

1x SRRF-Stream Quick Start guide (if

Items shipped with your iXon Ultra 897:

1x Andor ACZ-03463: 2 m Multi I/O timing

1x 3m USB 2.0 cable Type A to Type B

1x CD containing Andor user manuals

1x SRRF-Stream Quick Start guide (if

1x Power supply with mains cable

1x Quick Start guide

cable, offering Fire, External Trigger, Shutter

1x Power supply with mains cable

1x Quick Start guide

and Arm

applicable)

and Arm

applicable)

cable, offering Fire, External Trigger, Shutter

ORDER TODAY

Need more information? At Andor we are committed to finding the correct solution for you. With a dedicated team of technical advisors, we are able to offer you one-to-one guidance and technical support on all Andor products. For a full listing of our local sales offices, please see: andor.com/contact

Our regional headquarters are:

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Belfast, Northern Ireland Phone +44 (28) 9023 7126 Fax +44 (28) 9031 0792

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China

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HOOTNOTES: Specifications are subject to change without notice

- Assembled in a state-of-the-art cleanroom facility, Andor's UltraVac[™] vacuum process combines a permanent hermetic vacuum seal (no o-rings), with a stringent protocol to minimize outgassing, including use of proprietary materials.
- 2. Figures are typical unless otherwise stated.
- 8. At 30 MHz overclocked pixel readout rate, thermal dissipation from the sensor is higher since a greater proportion of time is spent vertical shifting, and it is necessary to set a higher sensor cooling temperature at this rate. Furthermore, stable cooling performance will depend on other variables such as vertical clock speed, Region of Interest size (Standard or Crop Mode) and ambient temp. As such, user testing is advised to determine the stable sensor cooling temperature for selected conditions. Status of temperature stability is apparent through the acquisition software.
- 4. The dark current measurement is averaged over the sensor area excluding any regions of blemishes.
- 5. Using Electron Multiplication the iXon is capable of detecting single photons, therefore the true camera detection limit is set by the number of 'dark' background events. These events consist of both residual thermally generated electrons and Clock Induced Charge (CIC) electrons (also referred to as Spurious Noise), each appearing as random single spikes above the read noise floor. A thresholding scheme is employed to count these single electron events and is quoted as a probability of an

event per pixel. Acquisition conditions are full resolution and max frame rate (30 MHz readout; frame-transfer mode; 1.1 µs vertical clock speed; x 1000 EM gain; 10 ms exposure; -95°C).

- The EM register on CCD201 sensors has a linear response up to ~400,000 electrons and a full well depth of ~730,000 electrons.
- 7. Readout noise is for the entire system. It is a combination of sensor readout noise and A/D noise. Measurement is for Single Pixel readout with the sensor at a temperature of -75°C and minimum exposure time under dark conditions. Under Electron Multiplying conditions, the effective system readout noise is reduced to sub 1 e⁻ levels.
- 8. Linearity is measured from a plot of counts vs. exposure time under constant photon flux up to the saturation point of the system.
- 9. All measurements are made at 30 MHz pixel readout speed with 0.6 µs vertical clock speed. It also assumes internal trigger mode of operation. Crop Mode frame rates shown are for 'Corner Tethered' ROIs, with 'Optically Centred' ROI frame rates shown within brackets.
- 10. All measurements are made at 17 MHz pixel readout speed with 0.5 µs vertical clock speed. It also assumes internal trigger mode of operation. Crop Mode frame rates shown are for 'Corner Tethered' ROIs, with 'Optically Centred' ROI frame rates shown within brackets.
- 11. Quantum efficiency of the sensor at 25°C, as supplied by the sensor manufacturer.
- 12. iXon Ultra 888 should work with any modern USB 3.0 enabled PC/laptop, as every USB 3.0 port should have its own host controller. iXon Ultra 888 also ships with a USB 3.0 PCI card as a means to add a USB 3.0 port to an older PC, or as a diagnostic aid to interoperability issues.

Recommended Computer Requirements:

- 3.0 GHz single core or 2.6 GHz multi core processor
 2 GB RAM
- 100 MB free disc space to install software (at least 1 GB recommended for data spooling)
- USB 3.0 Super Speed Host Controller capable of a sustained rate of 60MB/s for iXon Ultra 888
- USB 2.0 High Speed Host Controller capable of sustained rate of 40MB/s for iXon Ultra 897
- Solid-state drive (SSD) capable of a minimum sustained write speed of 100MB/S for spooling data
- Windows (7, 8, 8.1 and 10) or Linux
- SRRF-Stream If selected, the PC requires an NVidia GPU card. See page 10 for further details.

Operating & Storage Conditions

- Operating Temperature: 0°C to 30°C ambient
- Relative Humidity: < 70% (non-condensing)
- Storage Temperature: -25°C to 50°C

Power Requirements

Please refer to page 11

